# SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing a constitutional amendment stating that the District Court concurrently with the County Court shall have the general jurisdiction of a Probate Court, and providing the jurisdiction thereof, and further providing that in any probate proceeding the District Court shall also have jurisdiction otherwise conferred upon it by law, and further providing that the Legislature may increase, diminish or eliminate the jurisdiction of the District Court or County Court in probate matters, and further providing that the Legislature shall have power to adopt rules governing the filing, distribution and transfer of all such cases and proceedings as between District Courts, County Courts, and other courts having jurisdiction thereof, and further providing that the Legislature may provide that all appeals in such matters shall be to the courts of (civil) appeals.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article V, Section 8, Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended by adding a paragraph to read as follows:

The District Court, concurrently with the County Court, shall have the general jurisdiction of a probate court. It shall probate wills, appoint guardians of minors, idiots, lunatics, persons non compos mentis and common drunkards, grant letters testamentary and of administration, settle accounts of executors, transact all business appertaining to deceased persons, minors,/idiots, lunatics, persons non compos mentis and common drunkards, including the settlement, partition and distribution of estates of deceased persons and to apprentice minors, as provided by law. In any proceeding involving the general jurisdiction of a probate court, including such specified proceedings, the District Court shall also have all other jurisdiction conferred upon the District Court by law. The Legislature. however, shall have the power, by local or general law, Section 16 of Article V of this Consitution notwithstanding, to increase, diminish or eliminate the jurisdiction of either the District Court or the County Court in probate matters, and in cases of any such change of jurisdiction, the Legislature shall also conform the jurisdiction of the other courts to such change. The  $\widecheck{\mathcal{L}}$ egislature shall have power to adopt rules governing the filing, distribution and transfer of all such cases and proceedings as between district courts, county courts, and other courts having jurisdiction thereof, and may

provide that all appeals in such matters shall be to the courts of (civil) appeals.

Section 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1973, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment stating that the Bistrict Court concurrently with the Lounty Court shall have the general jurisdiction of a probate court, and providing the jurisdiction thereof, and further providing that in any probate proceeding the District Court shall also have jurisdiction otherwise conferred upon it by law, and further providing that the Legislature may increase, diminish or eliminate the jurisdiction of the bistrict court or county court in probate matters, and further providing that the Legislature shall have power to adopt rules governing the filing, distribution and transfer of all such cases and proceedings as between district courts, county courts, and other courts having jurisdiction thereof, and further providing that the Législature may provide that all appeals in such matters shall be to the courts of (civil) appeals."

	Austin, Texas
	May 3 , 19 73
Honorable William P. Hobby President of the Senate	
Sir:	
We, your Committee on	urisprudence,
to which was referredSJR_B. No.	
under consideration, and I am instr	sucted to report it back to
the Senate with the recommendation	that it do
pass	and beprinted.
	1/
	Chairman ukring
	Chairman Herring

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19	Eng	ross	ed
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Engrossing Clerk

By: Wallace

S.J.R. No. 26

### SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

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#### FORM A

#### **COMMITTEE REPORT**

Date 5-23-73

#### HONORABLE PRICE DANIEL, JR.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Sir:	
We, your Committee on	, to whom was
referredSJRNo26_	, have had the same under consideration
do and beg to report back with recommendation that it <del>(do not</del> ) pass.	
The Committee recommends that this measure be considered for the T	Consent + Calendar. Record Vote (Yes +
House sponsor of Senate measure: Washington	
The measure was reported from Committee by the following record vote:	Pollo belthon
nays present, not voting absent	Chairman
Fhis massura process new law	

# BILL ANALYSIS

# 1. BACKGROUND

Contested probate cases heard and decided in County Court are almost universally appealed to the District Court where an entire new trial (trial de novo) is held rehearing and redeciding the same issues. Changing the jurisdiction of the courts would prevent this duplication and waste of judicial time and tampayer's money.

# 2. PURPOSE

To give District Courts, concurrently with County Courts, the general jurisdiction of a Probate Court.

# 3. SECTION BY SECTION

Section 1. Amends the Constitution to give District Courts, concurrently with County Courts, the general jurisdiction of a Probate Court.

Section 2. Submission to voters.

# SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTION:

The Committee on	Judician	pos	sted notice in	
Accordance with Rule V	III Section 17,	and consider	red Asset No. 20	4
in a public hearing/for	rmal meeting on _		, 1973. <del>- The</del>	<b>≥</b> .
bill was referred to Su	ub-committee and	reported bac	k Favorably to	the the
full committee with amo	endmeni(s) on		. 1973.	The
Committee voted on	23	, 1973 by a	record vote of	5
$\mathcal{L}$ ayes and $\mathcal{L}$ na	ays, to report th	e bill back	to the House	•
Favorably/Unfavorably	with the recommen	dation that	it do/ <del>do not g</del>	oass,
as amended.				
This bill proposes	s new law by addi	na.	,	
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FIRST PRINTING March 26, 1973 Official House Printing, 63rd. Leg.

By: Wallace S.J.R. No. 26

March 20, 1973, PERMISSION GRANTED TO INTRODUCE.

DOROTHY HALLMAN

Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

(In the House.--March 22, 1973, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.)

#### HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION

- l proposing a constitutional amendment stating that the District
- 2 Court concurrently with the County Court shall have the general
- 3 jurisdiction of a Probate Court, and providing the jurisdiction
- 4 thereof, and further providing that in any probate proceeding
- 5 the District Court shall also have jurisdiction otherwise con-
- 6 ferred upon it by law, and further providing that the Legislature
- 7 may increase, diminish or eliminate the jurisdiction of the
- 8 District Court or County Court in probate matters, and further
- 9 providing that the Legislature shall have power to adopt rules
- 10 governing the filing, distribution and transfer of all such
- 11 cases and proceedings as between District Courts, County Courts,
- 12 and other courts having jurisdiction thereof, and further
- 13 providing that the Legislature may provide that all appeals in
- 14 such matters shall be to the courts of (civil) appeals.
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- 17 the State of Texas, be amended by adding a paragraph to read
- 18 as follows:
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- 20 shall have the general jurisdiction of a probate court. It
- 21 shall probate wills, appoint guardians of minors, idiots,
- 22 lunatics, persons non compos mentis and common drunkards,
- 23 grant letters testamentary and of administration, settle accounts

- 1 of executors, transact all business appertaining to deceased
- 2 persons, minors, idiots, lunatics, persons non compos mentis
- 3 and common drunkards, including the settlement, partition and
- 4 distribution of estates of deceased persons and to apprentice
- 5 minors, as provided by law. In any proceeding involving the
- 6 general jurisdiction of a probate court, including such specified
- 7 proceedings, the District Court shall also have all other juris-
- 8 diction conferred upon the District Court by law. The Legislature,
- 9 however, shall have the power, by local or general law, Section 16
- 10 of Article V of this Constitution notwithstanding, to increase,
- 11 diminish or eliminate the jurisdiction of either the District Court,
- 12 or the County Court in probate matters, and in cases of any such
- 13 change of jurisdiction, the Legislature shall also conform the
- 14 jurisdiction of the other courts to such changes. The Legislature
- 15 shall have power to adopt rules governing the filing, distribution
- 16 and transfer of all such cases and proceedings as between district
- 17 courts, county courts, and other courts having jurisdiction thereof,
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- 19 courts of (civil) appeals.
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- 21 submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an
- 22 election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday
- 23 in November, 1973, at which election the ballots shall be printed
- 24 to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The con-
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- 26 with the County Court shall have the general jurisdiction of a
- 27 probate court, and providing the jurisdiction thereof, and further
- 28 providing that in any probate proceeding the District Court shall
- 29 also have jurisdiction otherwise conferred upon it by law, and
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### S. J. R. 26

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Barco

177 Day 36, 1973

S.J.R. No. 26

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1820 - C.C

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President of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I hereby certify that S.J.R.	. No. 26 was adopted by the
senate on May 21, 1973, by the fol	llowing vote: Yeas 29, Nays 2.
	Secretary of the Senate
	-
I hereby certify that S.J.R.	. No. 26 was adopted by the house
on May 25, 1973, by the following	vote: Yeas 126, Nays 6.
	Chief Clerk of the House
Approved:	
Date	
Governor	

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Speaker of the House

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Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:

Signed
Governor
to be voted on
now. 6, 1973

Constitution of Unite

Proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution stating that the District Court concurrently with the County Court shall have the general jurisdiction of a Probate Court, etc.

Filed with the Secretary of the Senate MAR 7 1973 Read, referred to Committee on

4 1973

Reported favorably.\_\_\_\_

Reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute read first time.

Ordered not printed.

MAY 21 1973 Senate and Constitutional Rules to permit consideration suspended by

unanimous consent.

To permit consideration, reading and passage, Senate and Constitutional Rules suspended by vote of \_\_\_yeas, \_\_\_nays.

MAY 2 1 1973

Read second time and ordered engrossed.

Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill.

MAY 2 1 1973

Senate and Constitutional 3-Day Rules suspended by vote of yeas, \_\_ nays to place bill on third reading and final passage.

MAY 2 1 1973

Read third time and passed by

OTHER ACTION:

ENGROSSING CLERK

MAY 21 1973

Received from the Senete

, House of Representatives

AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON

Clery, House of Representatives

MAY 2 3 1973 REPORTED FAVORABLY BENT TO CALENDAR COMMITTEE

126 ayes, 6 noes

MAY 25 1973

DATE

House of Representatives

MAY 25 1973 RETURNED TO SENATE MAY 9 = 1973

Sent to HOUSE